







Talking Together

Rebecca Heald and Claudine Bowyer-Crane









State of Nation



Family & Education | Young Reporter

Child speech delays increase following lockdowns

14 hours ago





What is the BSB Innovation Hub?

- A partnership of BSB and Born in Bradford (BiB)
- Uniting leading academics from York,
 Sheffield, Bradford & Leeds
- To establish an innovative experimental birth cohort (BiBBS) and provide a centre for evaluation of effectiveness of the BSB innovations





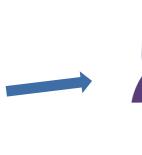


Birth Cohort

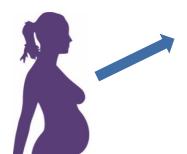












Once baby is born...

 ...families are eligible to take part in a range of different BSB projects to help get children off to a good start

As baby grows...

 ...we follow their development (from routine data and BSB data), and in some cases we use this information to do evaluations of the BSB projects

In pregnancy...

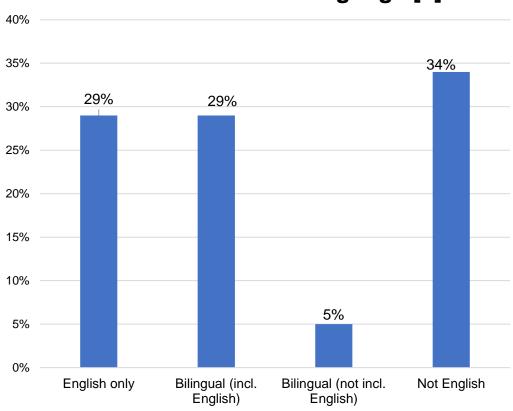
- ...mums and dads are asked to join the study
- ...they answer some baseline questions
- ...we ask to follow their progress as their baby grows



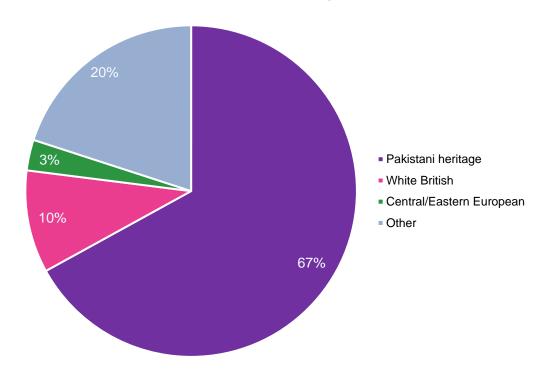


Characteristics

BiBBS mother first language [2]



BiBBS mother ethnicity [2]



Prevalence of Language Delay

27% Delayed
Receptive
and
Expressive
Language

11%
Delayed
Receptive
Language

47% Referred for intervention

23% Not Combining words 23% Late Talkers

Implications



- Almost 1 in 4 children in Better Start Bradford reach areas have evidence of preschool language delay
- Disadvantage as early as 2-years-old compared to other children in England
- High demand for early intervention
- Early screening and intervention may help mitigate language skill gap



Five topic areas:

- What is communication?
- Play
- Attention and listening
- Turn taking
- Praise and encouragement
- Final overview session

- A home-based intervention, delivered over 6 weeks
- Parents/carers of 2 year old children
- Aims to promote positive parent child interaction
- Provides parents with the skills and knowledge they need to improve their children's communication skills
- Large multi-lingual population delivered in home language
- Follow-up after 3 months and referral to additional support where necessary

How we identify children

- All children in the reach area are invited to access a language screening
- The children are then assessed by a skilled Language Development Worker using a language assessment tool.
- This is delivered as a questionnaire, with parents in their own homes and in the language they feel most comfortable







	BHT Early Education and Training – 2 Year Lang Language Screening Questionnaire for	_	-	Œ
	congress of coming questionnaire for	raranta		2
low	do you feel your child is getting on with learning to talk?			•
юу	ou have any concerns about your child's hearing?		Yes	/ No
1	Does your child respond to their name?	Not Yet (0)	Sometimes (1)	Often (2)
				<u> </u>
2	Does your child point to objects they like or want?			
3	How does your child ask for something? (Examples: Pointing, Gesturing or Verbally)			
4	Does your child understand the things you say to him/her?			
	(i.e. can respond to "Show me your nose?", "Where are your shoes?" without you having to use nonverbal cues			
	such as pointing?)			
5	Does your child try to talk to their stuffed animals/dolls?			
6	Is your child putting two words together? For example "more juice", "mummy gone"?			
7	Does he/she ask family or friends questions beginning with "What" or "Where"? For example "What's that" or "What doing?"			
8	Has he/she ever used doing words like "eat", "drink", "make" "me do"?			
9	Does your child join in with songs or nursery rhymes?			
10	Can people in the family understand what he/she says to them?			
11	Does your child talk about things they have done in the past? i.e. if you went to the park yesterday, your child might say the word "park" today.			

C		en constant de la con		
		at your child has said lately	·	
	any other questions abou			
	t your child's name down		Yes/	
•				
Does your cl	hild use a dummy?		Yes/	No
Talkina Taas	the Offered 9 Assessed			
	ther Offered & Accepted			
	ther Offered & Declined			
Talking Toge	ther Not Offered			
Referred on	to children's centre service	es 🗆		
Reason for T	alking Together Offer (tick	all that apply)		
	Child's language and co	ommunication		
	Child's behaviour			
	Home learning enviror	nment		
	Parental behaviour			
	Added family support	for child with additional ne	eds	
Was an inte	rpreter used to complete t	he Language Screening?	Yes □ No □	
	se was used to complete t	the Language Screening?		



100 Word Check List / Oxford CDI



We are looking forward to visiting you and your child soon!

To help make our visit as quick as possible, we would like you to think carefully about the words your child uses and understands. This is to help us better understand how your child is getting on with their talking.

On the other side of this paper, there is a long list of words. Please look at each of the words on the list, and thinking about your child over the last month...

Tick 'S' if your child uses the word when they are talking. For example, they may say the word 'cup' when they would like a drink.

Tick 'U' if your child can understand the word when other people say it, but does not use it themselves. For example, they may understand what you mean if you ask 'where is your cup?'

If you know that for some words your child uses a different word that means the same thing (for example, uses "coat" instead of "jacket") write these words in the 'Alternative' column

It does not matter which language your child is learning, or if they are learning more than one language. Please fill in this form thinking about all the words your child knows, in any language.

This is a long list, and we do not expect your child to know all the words! We would just like to know which, if any, of these words your child has learned.

Thank you for your help.





Tick 'S' for words your child uses when they talk Tick 'U' for words your child understands, but does not use

'Alternative' is a space to write words with the same meaning your child can use or understand

Nouns	U	S	Alternative		U	S	Alternative words
mum/mummy/mam/ma	0	0		squirrel	0	0	
aunt/auntie	0	0		donkey	0	0	
mouth	0	0		elephant	0	0	
nose	0	0		fish	0	0	
toe	0	0		goose	0	0	
arm	0	0		Action words			
milk	0	0		call/call on the phone	0	0	
cake	0	0		carry	0	0	
tea/brew (drink)	0	0		catch	0	0	
butter/spread/marge	0	0		drop	0	0	
cereal	0	0		fall	0	0	
meat	ō	0		finish	0	0	
bib	0	0		go	0	0	
glasses/specs	0	0		play	0	ō	
jacket	6	ō		splash	0	ō	
shoe/shoes	0	0		swim	0	ō	
sock	ŏ	ō		tickle	ŏ	ō	
zip	ŏ	ŏ		walk	ŏ	ö	
bed	ŏ	ŏ		want/want to	ŏ	ŏ	
chair	ö	0		Other Words	_	_	
door	6	0			0	0	
table	6	0		bye/byebye/cheerio	0	0	
bowl		_		cockadoodledoo			
	0	0		dinner	0	0	
broom	0	0		nap	0	0	
brush	0	0		peekaboo/geepo	0	0	
cup	0	0		yes/yeah/aye	0	0	
glass	0	0		big	0	0	
key	0	0		clean	0	0	
lamp	0	0		cold	0	0	
light	0	0		dirty/mudky	0	0	
money	0	0		fast	0	0	
scissors	0	0		happy	0	0	
soap	0	0		hot	0	0	
watch	0	0		old	0	0	
book	0	0		soft	0	0	
pen	0	0		wet	0	0	
block	0	0		what	0	0	
ball	0	0		where	0	0	
balloon	0	0		why	0	0	
sky	0	0		now	0	0	
outside	0	0		today	0	0	
flower	0	0		tomorrow	0	0	
tree	0	0		back	0	0	
wall	0	0		in	0	0	
swing	0	0		all	0	0	
car	0	0		not	0	0	
aeroplane/plane	0	0		other/another	0	0	
kitten/kitty	0	0		some	0	0	
lion	0	0		there	0	0	
penguin	0	0		1	0	0	
pig	0	0		her	0	0	



What is oTTer?

Outcomes of Talking Together – Evaluation and results
A two armed, unmasked feasibility trial in a single site, with
participants randomised to either immediate intervention or the
waiting control group.





What were we trying to understand?

- Primary objective Recruitment
 - Sufficient numbers of eligible families?
 - Are families willing to take part?
 - Reach and representativeness
- Secondary objectives
 - Implementation
 - Fidelity
 - Acceptability
 - Randomisation
 - Data collection
 - Sample size estimation

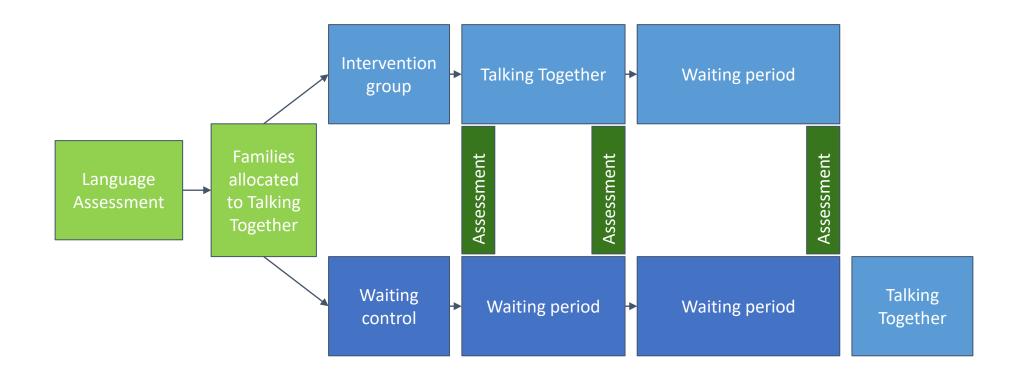
Is it **feasible** to run an effectiveness evaluation (RCT) of Talking Together?

Eligibility criteria

- Better Start Bradford reach area
- No older than 2yrs 6 months when assessed
- Primary home language English, Urdu, or Punjabi
- No known sensory or developmental disorders



Design

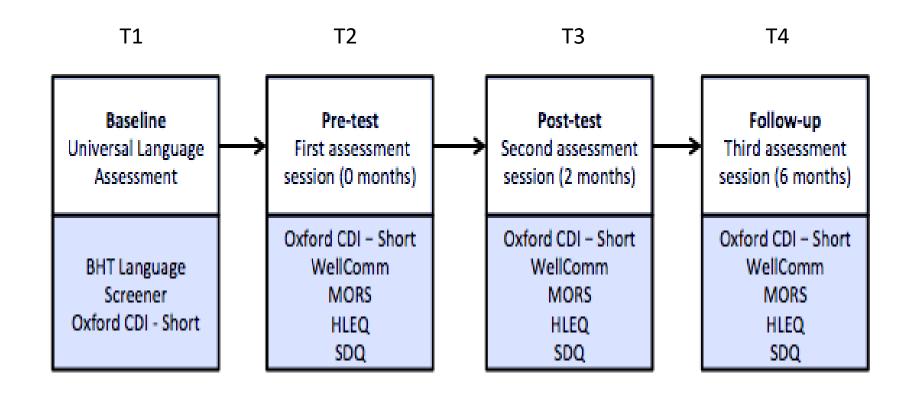


Measures

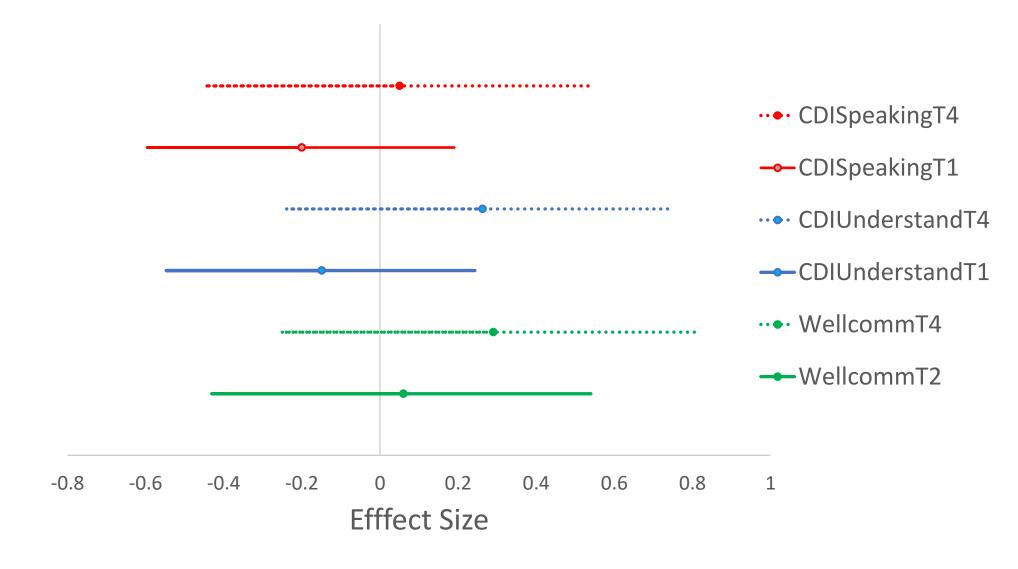
- Universal Language Screener (ULS)
- Communicative Development Inventory (CDI)
- WellComm Language Assessment
- Home Learning Environment Questionnaire (HLEQ)
- Maternal Object Relations Scale (MORS)
- Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ)



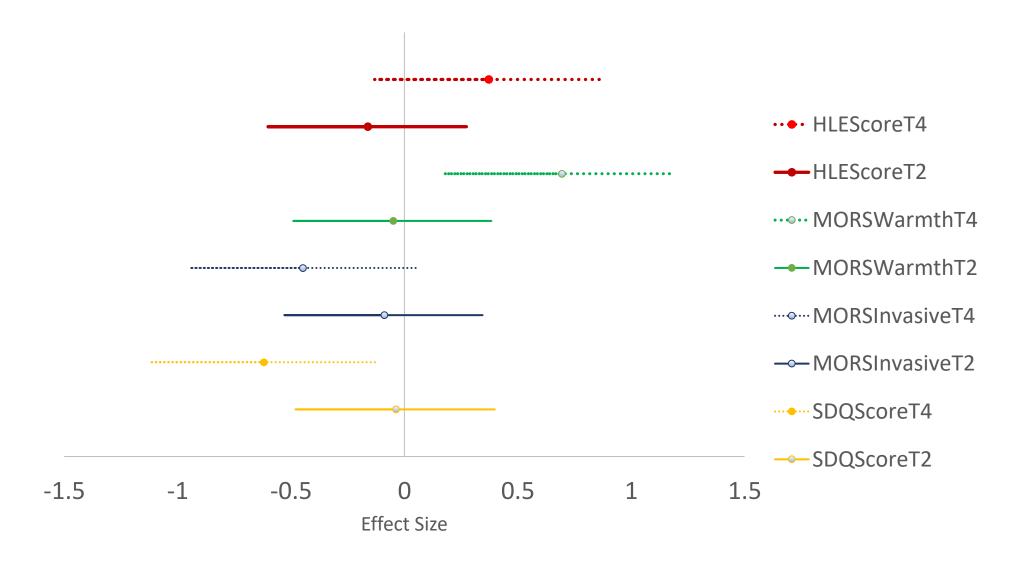
Assessment Timeline



Language Outcomes



Non-Language Outcomes



Parents

"I felt like I was learning more, maybe more than he was, sort of thing, it wasn't, it was as much learning for me as it was for him. You know, certainly with non-verbal communication" "Yeah, he used to love it, like when she was coming on the front he was like [...] he was constantly in the window looking for her, so he knew like it was, you know, like a fun time when she came really."

"...you look forward to the session, it was just good, she made me feel so comfortable, it's like talking to my friend, you know when it wasn't very like strict in the sense that I felt like she gave me the chance where I can talk about how I feel, any concerns I have she made me comfortable to be able to speak..."

Evidence of Promise

- Group differences indicate pathway of change
- Parents felt it had a positive impact
- Intervention was well received















Conclusions

- High need for early language intervention
- Talking Together provides support for families
- Feasibility study evidence of promise making a difference to families in Better Start Bradford reach areas
- Potential for utilisation in Covid recovery









